問	ほぼ同じ意味になるように (1) を (2) に書き換えた場合、空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを選びなさい。						
	1.	1. (1) It was impossible to tell the imitation from the original.					
		(2) () telling the imitation from the original.					
		7 There was nothing like	イ	There was no point	in		
		ウ It was worth	エ	There was no			
	2.	(1) All you have to do is to choose the dresses which you think are best.					
		(2) You ($$) to choose the dresses which y	ou	think are best.			
		ア feel free イ can afford	ウ	have only	エ	used	
	3.	(1) She chose her present job because her brother had succeeded in the same field.					
		(2) Her brother's success in the field () me to choose her present job.					
		ア warned イ caused	ウ	compelled	エ	persuaded	
	4.	(1) What kind of home was she raised in?					
		(2) Where was she ()?					
		ア brought up イ grown up	ウ	taken up	エ	held up	
	5.	(1) It was more than I could stand.					
		(2) My patience was () about it.					
		ア worn out イ pulled through	ウ	torn up	エ	passed away	
	6.	(1) Business will take my husband to Athens r	nex	t week.			
		*	•				
		ア away from イ against		without	エ	on	
	7.	(1) All of the doctors were aware of the grave	daı		•		
		(2) The grave danger of this medicine was () all of the doctors.			
		7 all the same to 1 peculiar to	ワ	known to	エ	sick of	
	8.	(1) He did not agree with my suggestion.					
		(2) My suggestion () this.					
		$\mathcal T$ fell behind $\mathcal T$ differed from	ウ	took to	エ	turned down	
	9.	(1) I wish I had done my best at that time.					
		(2) () I had done my best at that time.					
		7 More other than not	イ	If only			
		ウ Every time	エ	By the time			

- 10. (1) Let's go on a trip next vacation, shall we?
 - (2) () going on a trip next vacation?
 - 7 Would you mind my

ウ What do you think of

エ What do you say to